

Bispecific Antibody Discovery and Characterization

Erik van Buijtenen, Bianca Boers, Milou Smits, Debby Kruijsen, Sander van Duijnhoven

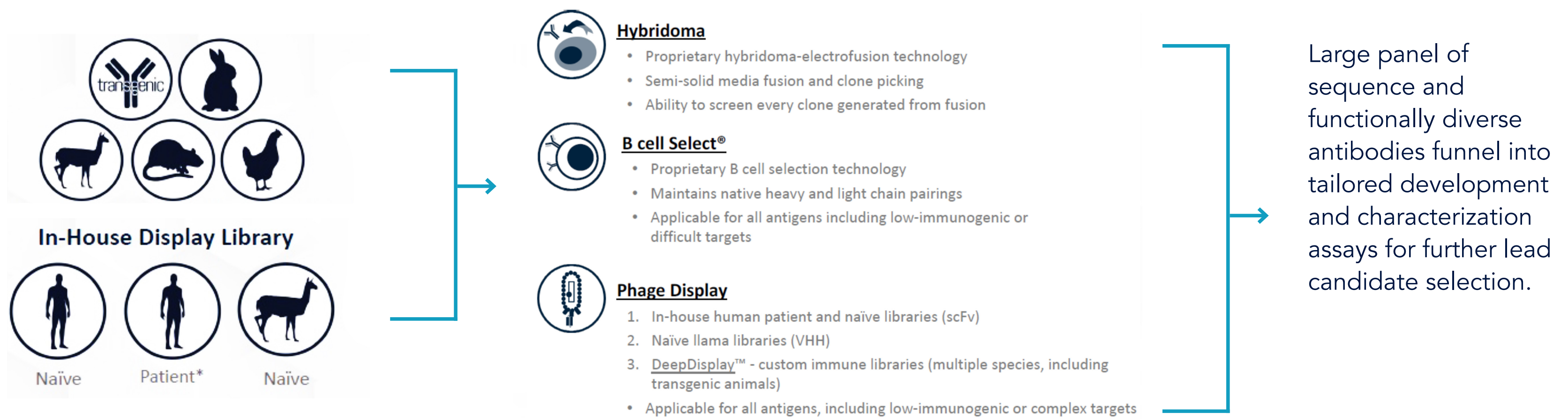
IPA (ImmunoPrecise Antibodies) (Europe), B.V. Pivot Park, Kloosterstraat 9, 5349 AB Oss, The Netherlands

Bispecific antibodies

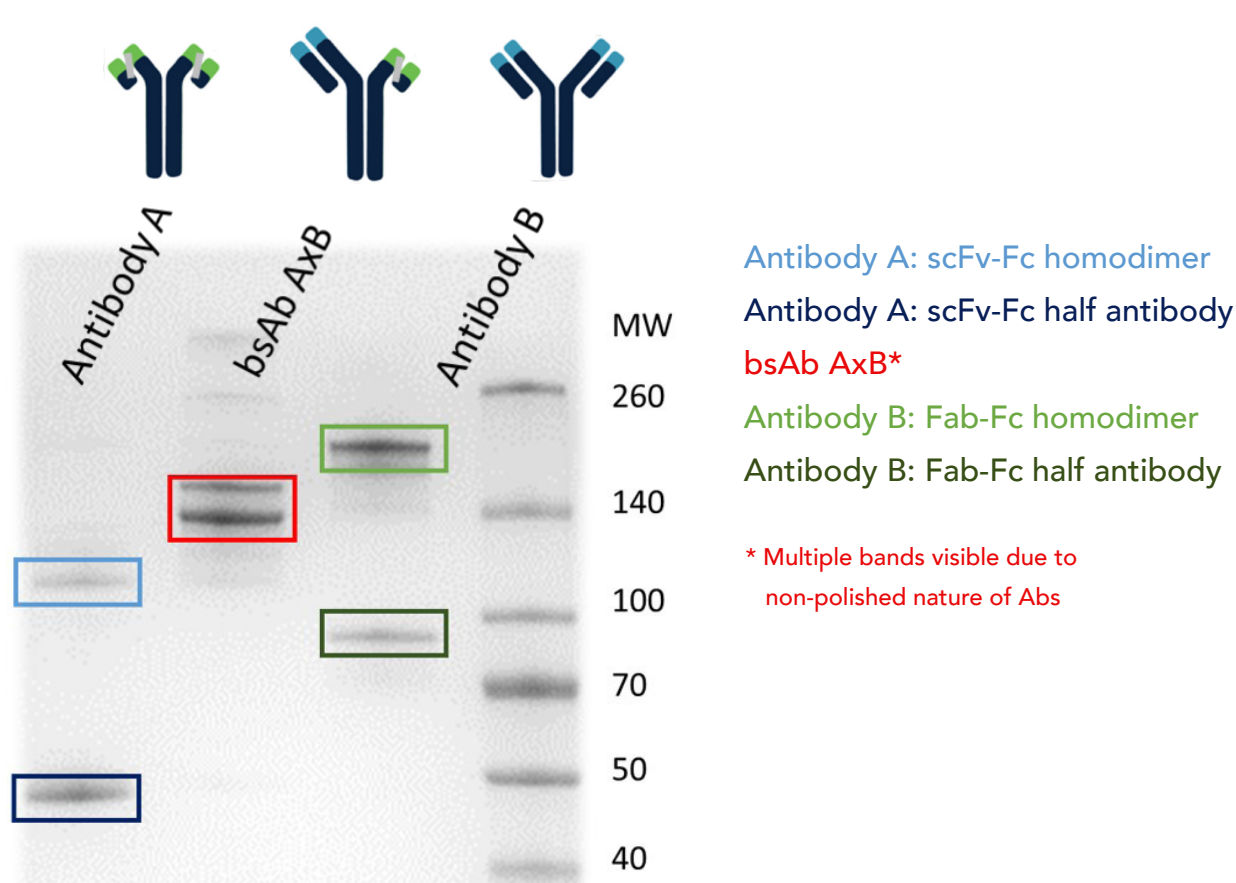
Bispecific antibodies (bsAbs) enable the engagement of multiple epitopes thereby opening new possibilities for therapeutic use, including dimerization of receptors, bridging of two different cell types, and targeting dual-positive tumor cells. IPA has a long-standing history in custom Ab discovery and Ab engineering allowing the generation of large target-specific antibody panels with broad characteristics (epitope bins, functionality, kinetics). These monoclonal Ab panels can serve as input for the generation of novel bsAbs. IPA offers a comprehensive portfolio of services for bsAb design, purification

and polishing, and evaluation of bsAb integrity and purity by means of analytical methods such as HIC-HPLC, CIEX-HPLC, CE-SDS or SDS-PAGE. Furthermore, validation of bifunctional bsAb properties can be assessed in a high throughput mode on recombinant protein level or cellular level by cellular bridging and/or bsAb mediated cellular activation assays and Octet-based label-free interaction analysis. In this poster we exemplify our services for an in-house discovered Fab x scFv-Fc bsAb, employing the knob-into-hole technology for heterodimerization.

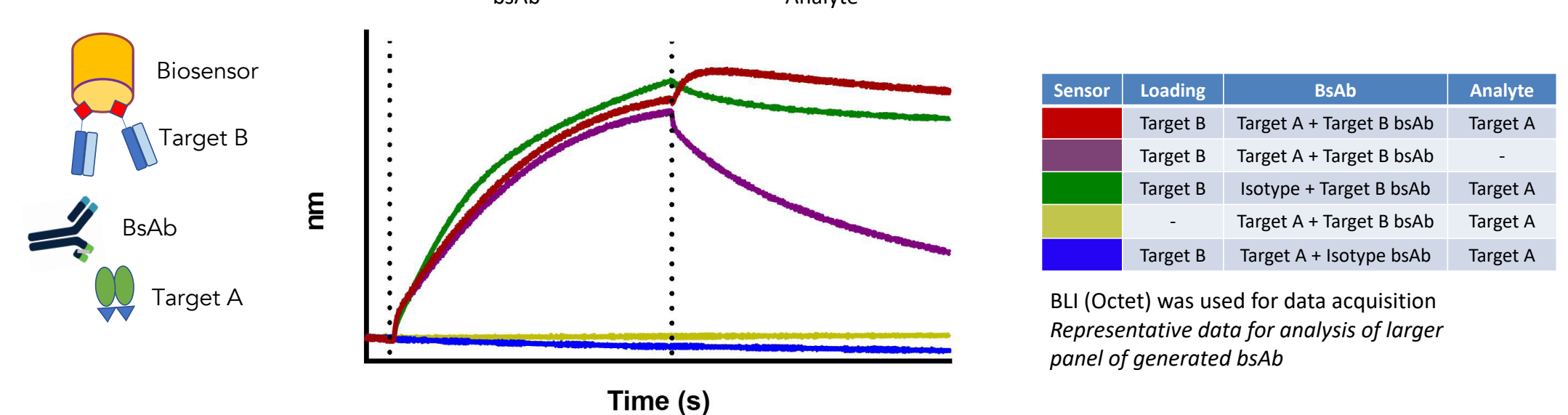
Complete antibody discovery technology portfolio drives selection of large panels of functional antibodies



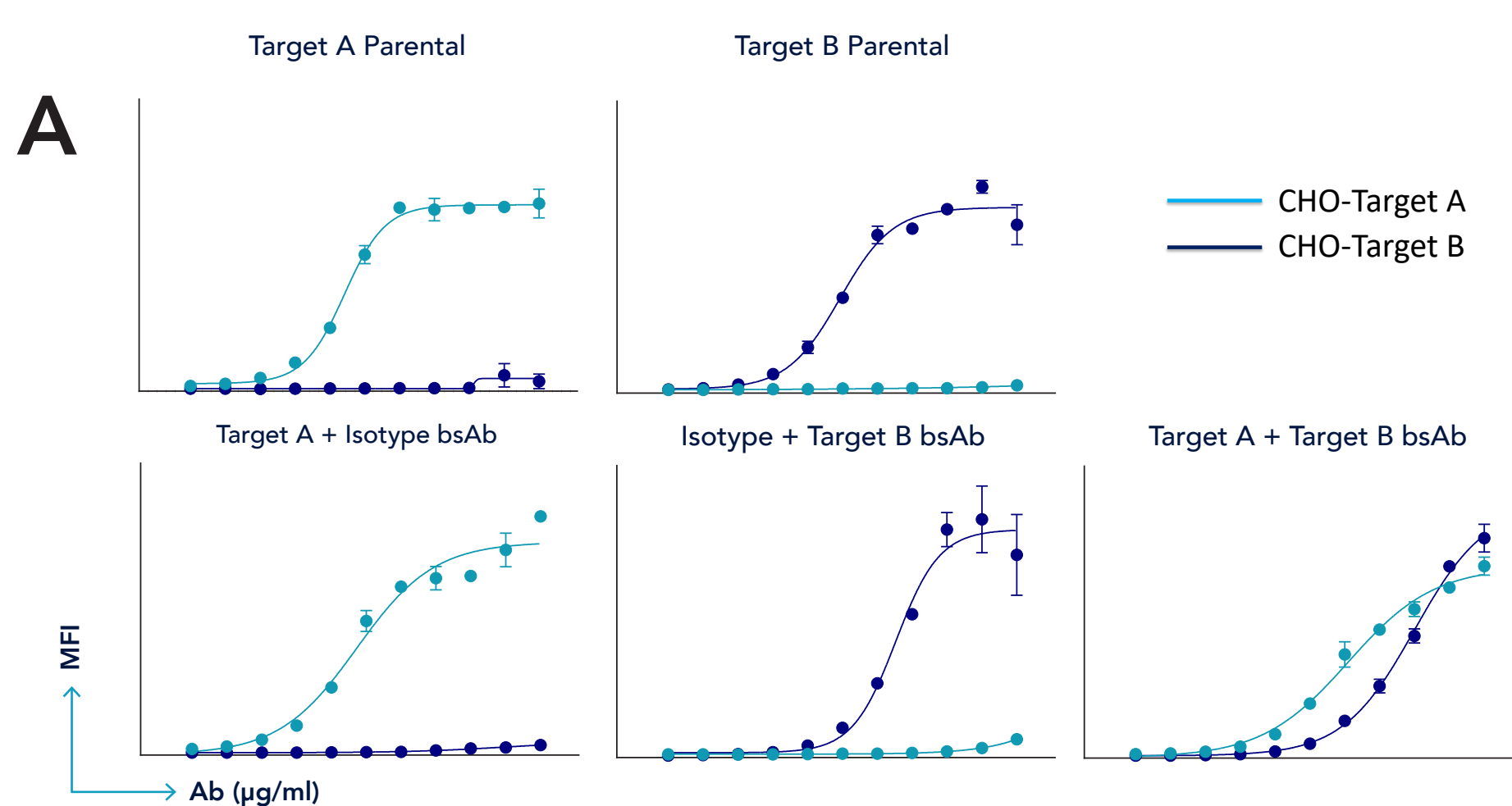
Non-reducing SDS-PAGE shows bsAb integrity



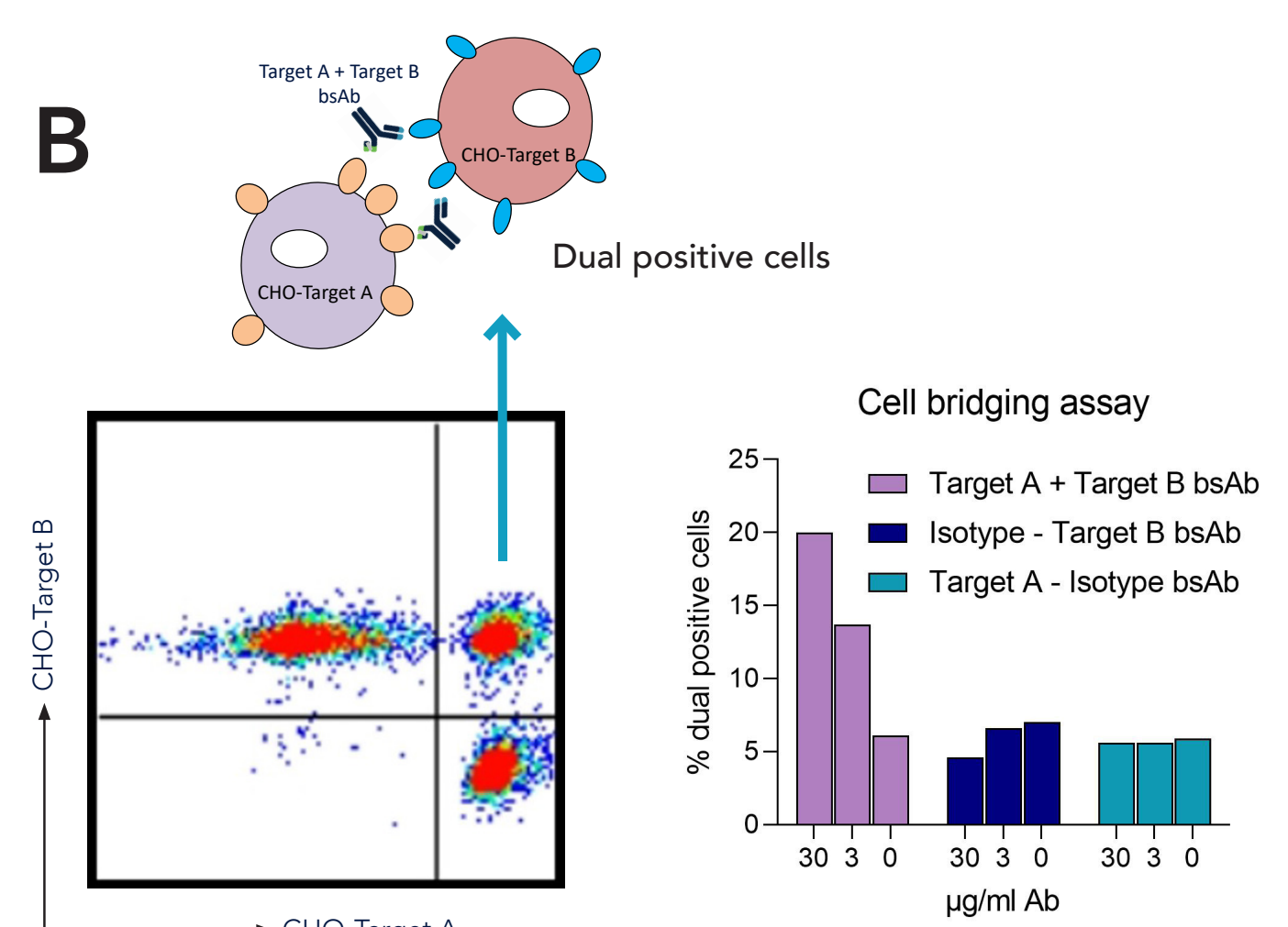
BsAb binds recombinant targets simultaneously



BsAb arms bind cell-expressed targets

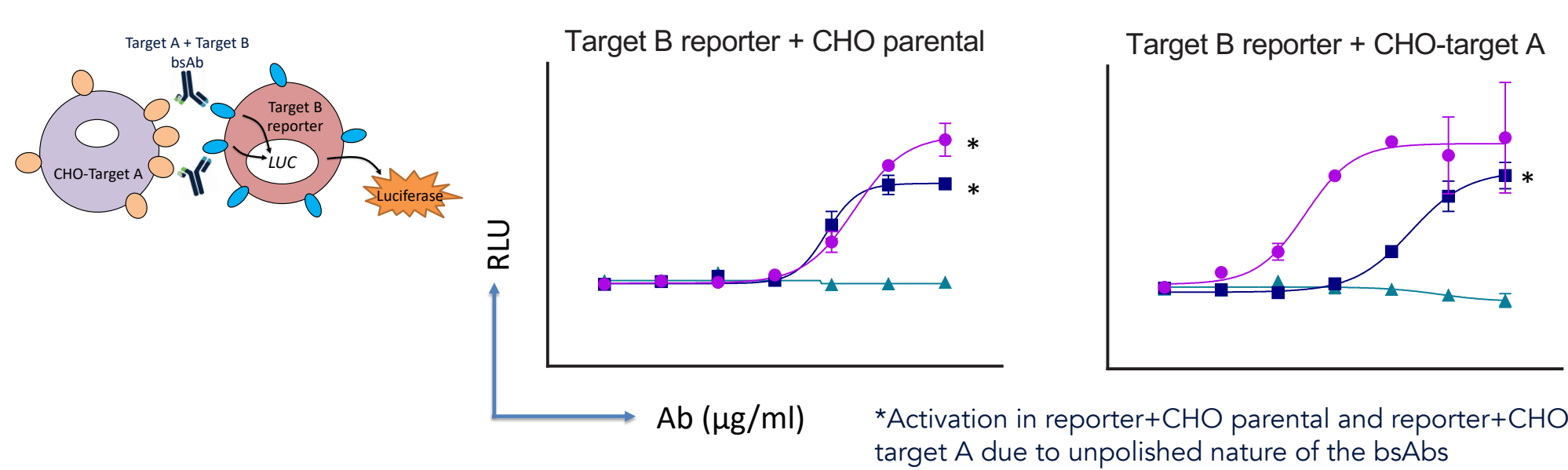


BsAb mediates target-specific cellular bridging

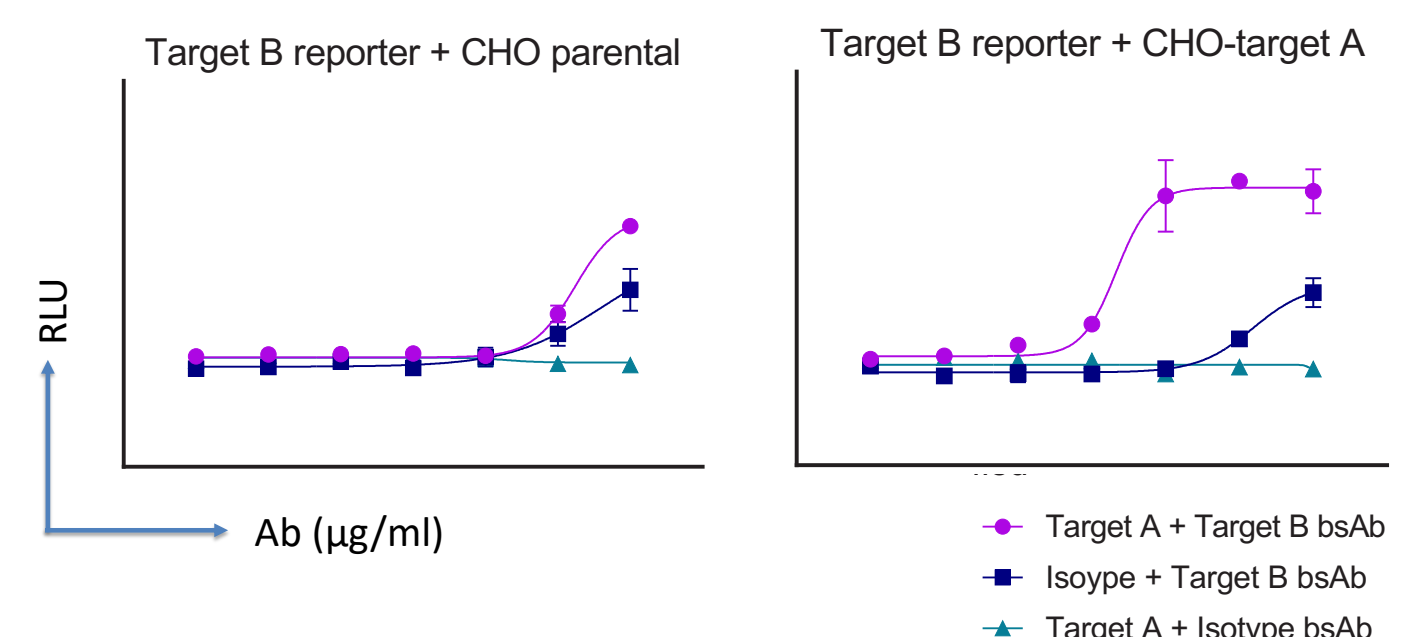


BsAb initiates Target B receptor signaling upon cellular clustering

C Reporter cell activation using non-polished purified bsAbs



D Reporter cell activation using polished purified bsAbs



Functional analysis of bsAbs: A. Parental bivalent, single-arm isotype control and bsAb binding to target-expressing cells. B. Bridging assay of target-expressing cells using bsAbs and related bsAb isotype controls. C. Reporter cell activation using bsAbs before polishing of purified bsAbs showing unfavorable background activation due to presence of monovalent/homodimer parental Ab and/or

aggregates. D. Reporter cell activation using purified plus polished bsAbs showing reduced single arm activation and specific bsAb-mediated cellular activation, representing the importance of applying appropriate purification technologies for delegate functional screening assays. (Representative data for analysis of larger panel of generated bsAb.)

Conclusions

- IPA's multi-species Ab technology platforms have demonstrated successful discovery of functionally diverse, genetically distinct panels of lead candidate antibodies.
- Early integration of molecular optimization and antibody engineering allows for the generation of highly diverse bsAb panels.
- High-throughput characterization of designed, produced and polished bsAbs enables selection of clinically relevant bsAb combinations validated for developability, kinetics, and functional activity.